

Molar Mass (MM) = mass of one mole of a substanceExample 1) Molar Mass of AlCl_3 = molar mass of one Al + molar mass of three Cl

$$= \quad (26.98) \quad + \quad (3 \times 35.45)$$

$$\text{Molar Mass of } \text{AlCl}_3 = \mathbf{133.33 \text{ g/mol}}$$

Example 2) Molar Mass of $\text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ = MM of one Ba + MM of two N + MM of six oxygens

$$= \quad (137.33) \quad + \quad (2 \times 14.01) \quad + \quad (6 \times 16)$$

$$\text{Molar Mass of } \text{Ba}(\text{NO}_3)_2 = \mathbf{261.35 \text{ g/mol}}$$

	Formula	I/M	Name	Molar Mass (g/mol)
1.	AlCl_3			$(26.98) + (3 \times 35.45)$ = 133.33
2.			Dinitrogen trioxide	
3.			Lead (II) phosphide	
4.	ClF_3			
5.			Carbon disulfide	
6.	ZnS			
7.	Cu_2SO_4			
8.			Carbon tetrachloride	
9.	$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{CO}_3$			
10.			Sulfur hexafluoride	