

Warm-Up #20

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. Calculate the wavelength of X-rays having a frequency of 4.80×10^{17} Hz.

given: $\nu = 4.80 \times 10^{17} \text{ Hz} = 4.80 \times 10^{17} \frac{1}{\text{s}}$
 want: $\lambda = ?$

$$c = \lambda \nu$$

$$\frac{3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{4.80 \times 10^{17} \frac{1}{\text{s}}} = \frac{(\lambda) (4.80 \times 10^{17} \frac{1}{\text{s}})}{4.80 \times 10^{17} \frac{1}{\text{s}}}$$

$\lambda = 6.25 \times 10^{-10} \text{ m}$

2. Calculate the energy of a gamma ray photon whose frequency is 5.02×10^{20} Hz.

given: $\nu = 5.02 \times 10^{20} \text{ Hz} = 5.02 \times 10^{20} \frac{1}{\text{s}}$
 want: $E = ?$

$$E = h\nu$$

$$E = (6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}) (5.02 \times 10^{20} \frac{1}{\text{s}})$$

$E = 3.33 \times 10^{-13} \text{ J}$

3. Calculate the energy of a radio wave that has a wavelength of 150 m.

given: $\lambda = 150 \text{ m}$
 want: $E = ?$

$E = h\nu$ Must calculate ν first

$$c = \lambda \nu$$

$$\frac{3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}}{150 \text{ m}} = \frac{(150 \text{ m}) (\nu)}{150 \text{ m}}$$

$$\nu = 2000000 \frac{1}{\text{s}} = 2.0 \times 10^6 \frac{1}{\text{s}}$$

$$E = h\nu$$

$$E = (6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J}\cdot\text{s}) (2.0 \times 10^6 \frac{1}{\text{s}})$$

$E = 1.3 \times 10^{-27} \text{ J}$