

What is a chemical reaction?

rearrangement of atoms

= new substances are made

What is reaction rate? What info is needed to determine rate?

speed, how fast the rxn occurs

$$\frac{\Delta \text{concentration}}{\Delta \text{time}} = \frac{M}{s}$$

Why do we care?

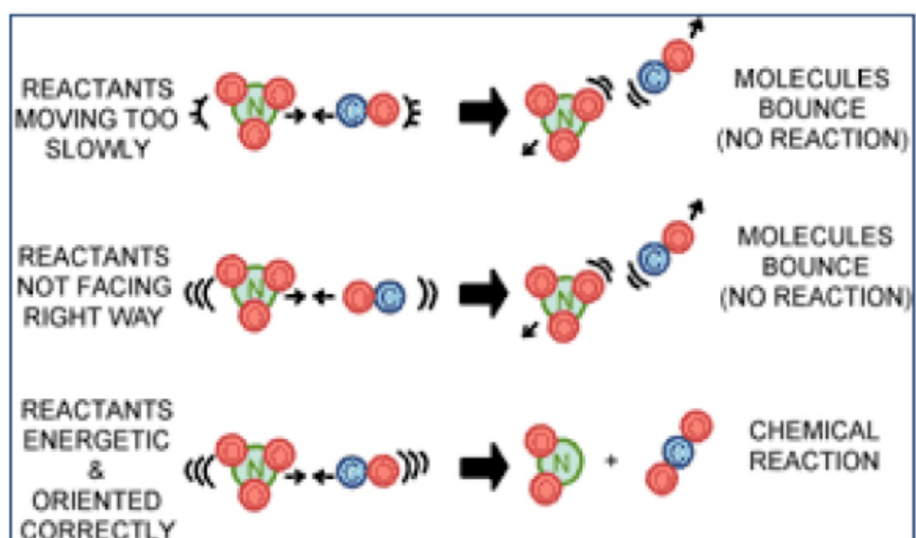
cooking

medicine

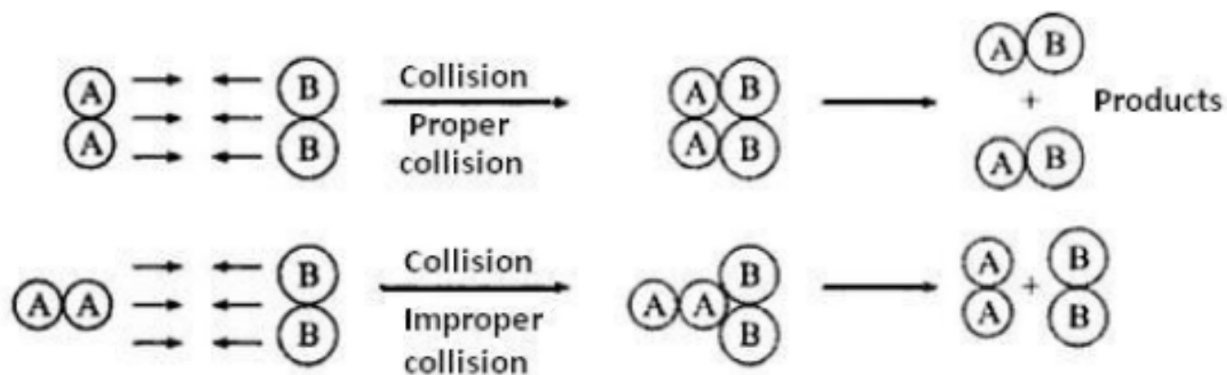
How do chemical rxns occur?

collisions = sufficient E + proper orientation
"sweet spot"

Sufficient Energy + Proper Orientation = Successful Collision

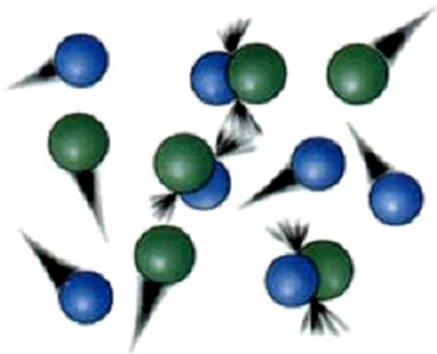


Sufficient Energy + Proper Orientation = Successful Collision

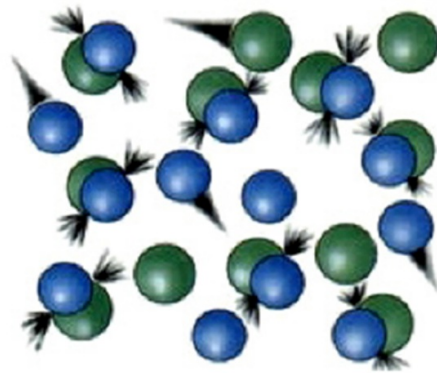


Five Factors That Affect Rxn Rate

#1 Concentration of Reactants



Low concentration = Few collisions



High concentration = More collisions
= *Faster rxn*

#2 Nature of Reactants

-Physical States

- gases react faster than liquids
- liquids react faster than solids

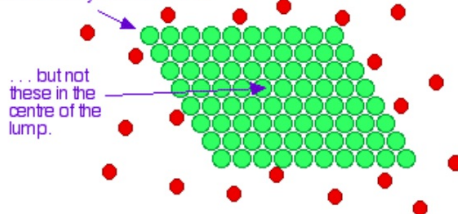
-Type/Strength of Chemical Bonds

- stronger chemical bonds of reactants requires more E to break
 \therefore slower rxn.

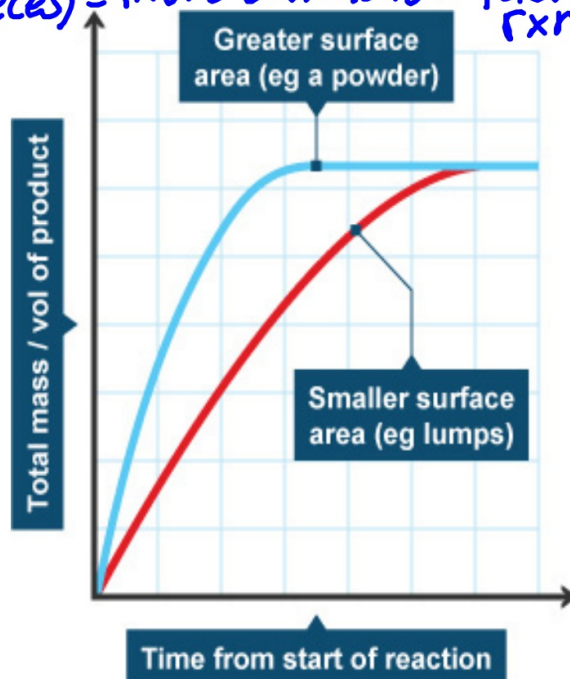
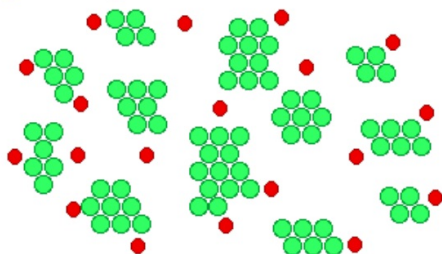
#3 Surface Area

higher surface area (i.e. smaller pieces) = more collisions = faster rxn

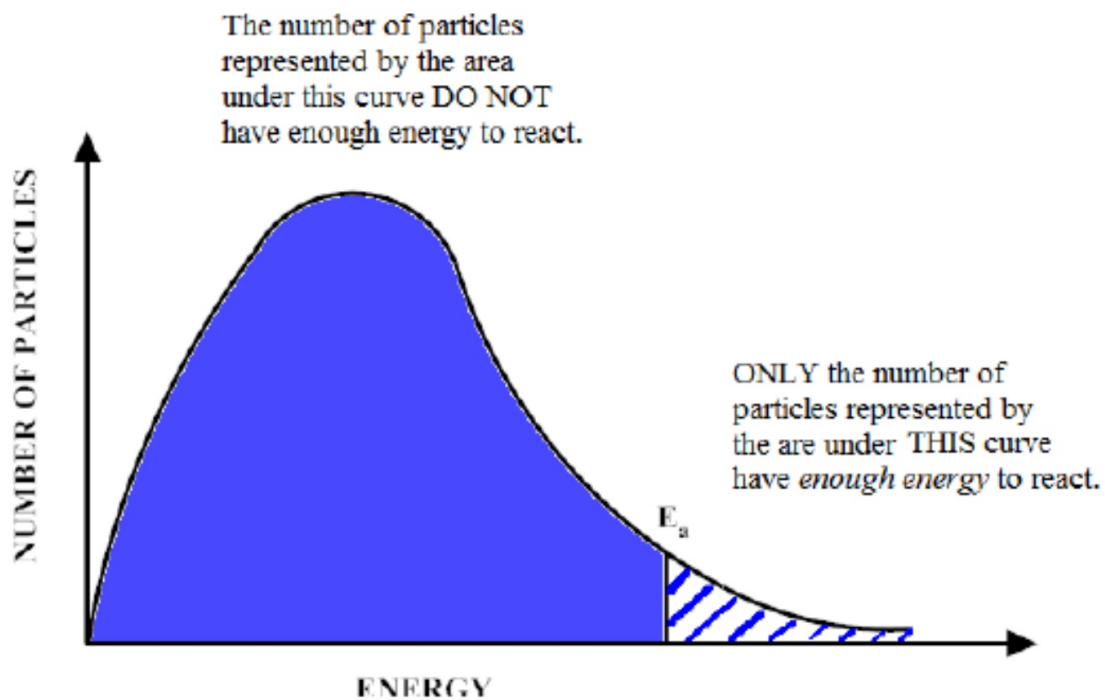
Hydrogen ions can hit the outer layer of atoms ...



With the same number of atoms now split into lots of smaller bits, there are hardly any magnesium atoms which the hydrogen ions can't get at.



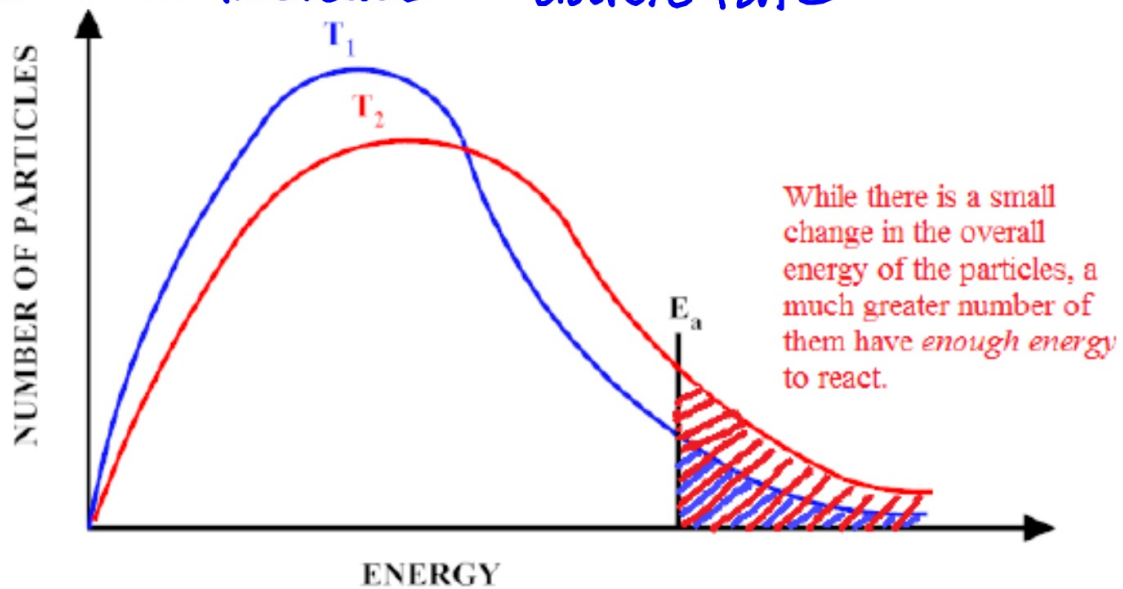
#4 Temperature



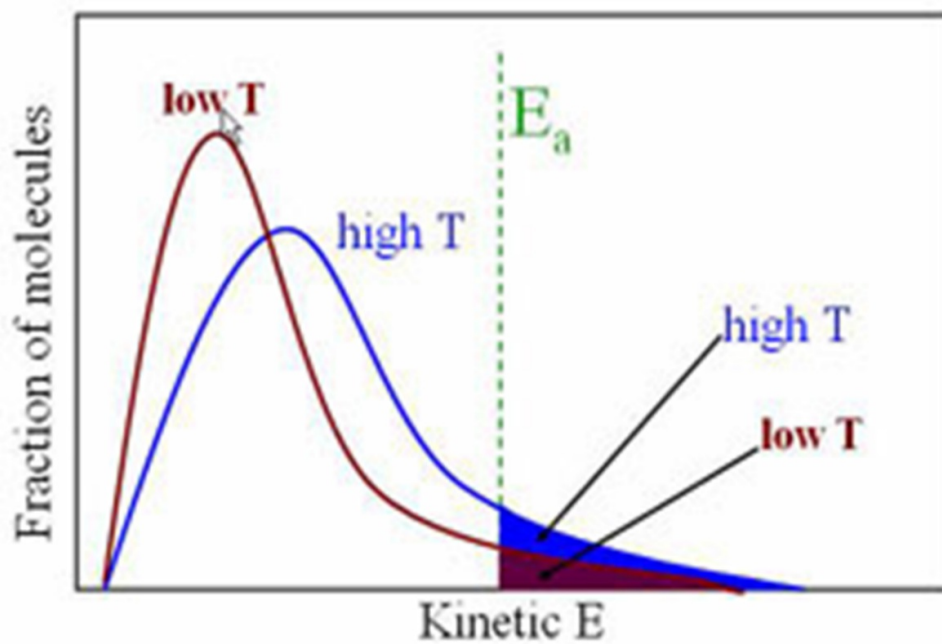
#4 Temperature

Increase in temperature = more particles w/ sufficient E to react

★ A 10°C increase = double rate



#4 Temperature



#5 Catalyst

